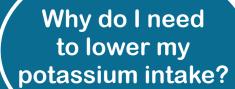


Following a low potassium diet: a guide for young people

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Potassium is a very important mineral that occurs naturally in the body. We get the potassium our body needs from the food we eat. Our kidneys maintain the right balance of potassium by keeping in the potassium that we need for good health and getting rid of excess potassium in the urine. As your kidney function is impaired, the potassium levels in your blood will build up. This may cause your muscles, such as your heart, and your nervous system to not work properly.

Steps to lower potassium intake

Step 1.

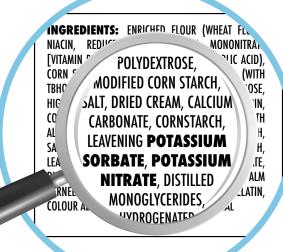
# Read packaging labels - avoid potassium additives

It is important to choose fresh foods rather than processed foods. Potassium additives may be added to processed foods as a preservative, sweetener, emulsifier, stabilizer, thickener or gelling agent. They can more than double the potassium content of a food.

Look for "potassium" as a part of an ingredient name in the ingredients list of processed foods. This indicates the presence of potassium additives that should be avoided. Manufacturers may also list the E-numbers of potassium containing additives.

Manufacturers are not required in all countries to list potassium on the ingredients/ nutrients lists. Salt substitutes are often high in potassium. If anyone in your family uses a salt substitute, you must make sure that you don't have it.

Takeaway foods can contain high amounts of potassium. Limit these where possible - cooking from fresh is always a better option. Discuss lower potassium alternatives with your dietitian.





### Potassium additives

E202	Potassium sorbate			
E212	Potassium benzoate			
E224	Potassium metabisulphite			
E228	Potassium hydrogen sulphite			
E249	Potassium nitrite			
E252	Potassium nitrate			
E283	Potassium propionate			
E261	Potassium acetate			
E326	Potassium lactate			
E332	Potassium citrate			
E336	Potassium tartrates			
E337	Sodium potassium tartrate			
E340	Potassium phosphates			
E357	Potassium adipate			
E402	Potassium alginate			
E450	Potassium polyphosphate			
E470a	Fatty acid salts			
E501	Potassium carbonates			
E508	Potassium chloride			
E515	Potassium sulphates			
E522	Aluminium potassium sulphate			
E525	Potassium hydroxide			
E536	Potassium ferrocyanide			
E555	Potassium aluminium silicate			
E577	Potassium gluconate			
E622	Monopotassiumglutamate			
E628	Dipotassium guanylate			
E632	Dipotassium inosinate			
E950	Acesulfame K			
E954	Saccharin			



# Limit the intake of high potassium foods and drinks with low nutritional value

Many foods contain potassium. To make sure that you have a balanced diet which contains enough fiber, vitamins and minerals, it is important to look at the foods you are eating.

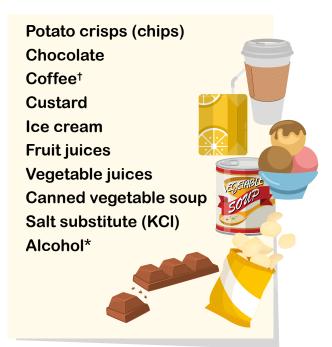
#### High nutritional value foods and drinks

These foods and drinks are naturally high in potassium but have a high nutritional value - your dietitian will advise you on the amount you can have and the type to choose



#### Low nutritional value foods and drinks

These low nutritional value foods and drinks are naturally high in potassium and may also contain potassium additives – limit these foods and drinks



<sup>†</sup>Children under the age of 12 years should not have caffeine-containing drinks. Discuss this with your dietitian.

Fiber is an important part of a healthy diet for everyone and has the bonus of reducing the amount of potassium that you absorb from the food that you eat. Try to include some high fiber foods each day. Your dietitian will advise you how much to aim for each day:



portions of fruit or vegetables - fresh, frozen, canned (discard any fruit juice or salted water in the can). These foods can be given raw or cooked.

.....portions of wholegrain bread, chapattis, breakfast cereals, rice, pasta, noodles, couscous, quinoa.

Although potatoes provide some fiber and other nutrients they also have a high potassium content. Rice, pasta, noodles, couscous and quinoa are good lower potassium alternatives.

<sup>\*</sup>Alcohol can be a source of potassium. We advise against underage drinking.

## Use the table below to help you choose alternative lower potassium foods and drinks.

### **High potassium Alternative lower potassium** foods and drinks foods and drinks Plain or wholegrain breakfast cereals e.g Breakfast cereals cornflakes, rice krispies, with chocolate wheat biscuits, bran flakes, wheat squares Potato crisps and other Corn or rice snacks. snacks containing unsalted popcorn potato and nuts Plain, jam-filled Chocolate biscuits or wafer biscuits Plain cake filled with Chocolate cake, fruit cream or jam, jam tarts, cake doughnuts, plain scones Lemonade, squash, Fruit juices, hi juice cordials sauash Tea (black<sup>†</sup>, green<sup>†</sup> or Instant coffee and herbal) coffee essence Marmalade, jam, honey Chocolate spread Boiled sweets, jellies, Chocolate, marzipan, mints, marshmallows liquorice, toffee, fudge Mayonnaise Ketchup

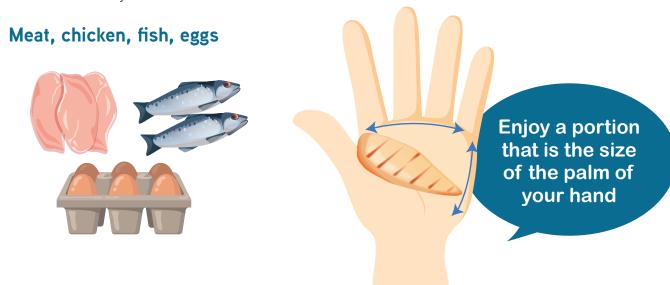
Your dietitian will help you with any changes you may need to make to your diet

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Children under the age of 12 years should not have caffeine-containing drinks.



# Reduce the amount of animal-based foods you eat

Meat, chicken, fish, eggs and dairy foods, like milk and yogurt, are important protein foods to have in your diet, but they also contain a lot of potassium. Try to reduce the amount of these foods that you eat.



### **Dairy foods**

100ml of milk, 1 pot of fruit yogurt, 1 small pot of fruit-flavoured fromage frais



Milk has a high potassium content. Plant-based milk drinks such as soy, rice or oat drinks and low protein milk substitutes are good alternatives.

Note: some plant-based milk drinks may contain potassium additives or phosphate additives.

Your dietitian will let you know how much of these foods you can have



If your potassium level is still high after taking the above steps, it may be helpful to adjust your cooking methods to reduce the amount of potassium in foods.

- Before cooking potatoes, remove the skin and cut them into small pieces.
- Then boil the potatoes in a large amount of water. This helps the potato lose some of its potassium.
- Pour away the water.
- Now boil the potatoes in fresh water and again pour away the water once the potatoes are cooked. This lowers the potassium content even further.
- Don't use the water for making gravies or sauces always pour away the water.



Try to avoid frying, stir frying, cooking in a tajine, steaming, using a pressure cooker and boiling potatoes with the skin on. These methods don't reduce the potassium content.

Cooking food in a microwave oven only reduces the potassium content by a small amount. Food may be reheated in a microwave, but stir well after heating to avoid 'hot spots' which may burn your mouth.





Some medications contain potassium.

Your medical team will look at your current medications and will make adjustments, if necessary.







Notes			

Telephone:
Email:





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